

# Democratic Principles Plainly Enunciated by Able Speakers

## SWANSON TELLS ABOUT POLICIES OF TWO PARTIES

(Special from a Staff Correspondent.)  
ROANOKE, VA., June 11.—Governor Swanson, in the course of his address at the hands of the convention and made a strong speech. He said:

I thank you for this flattering call and this cordial reception. I am always pleased to participate in a gathering of Democrats. I am glad to see in my devotion to this party and its principles, none are more surprised than I for the many honors it has bestowed upon me. I am more fortunate than I at the good fortune which for years has betided the Virginia Democrats.

My friends, we are on the eve of a great presidential election, which shall determine whether the Republican or Democratic party shall be supreme in this nation for the next four years. Each party has practically selected its standard bearer for the nation and the personality of the two candidates will be presented to the patriotism and sober judgment of the American citizen. Never before has the Democratic party confronted the people with a deeper assurance of the correctness of its principles or a more complete illustration of the wisdom of its policies.

The Republican party itself in recent years has been strenuously endeavoring to retain its responsibility for the nation itself in Democratic attire, and to obtain consideration by loudly proclaiming Democratic principles and policies. The Republican party does not enter this campaign in direct antagonism to well established Democratic principles and policies. The Republican party is the extent to which they clothe themselves in Democratic habiliments and endeavor to bring to the country Democratic reforms.

**Adopting Our Policies.**  
The Republican party would dare not nominate as a candidate for the presidency one who did not profess himself in accord with most of the fundamental policies proclaimed by the Democratic party. Industrial conditions, the march of events, have compelled the Republican party to confess that their policies have been wrong, and that the progress and future development of this great nation were found in the following of Democratic teaching.

When we denounced the fearful exactions of the Dingley tariff bill and proclaimed that it would be the father of trusts, and would more than double the cost of living to the great masses of the people, we were derided by the Republican party to the people of this country as a set of wild theorists; but to-day all of these prophecies have been literally fulfilled, and the wretched condition of the great nation is evidence that the Democratic party was correct in this measure, and the Republican party wrong.

Under the sheltering wings of this measure nearly all the business and industry of this country has been monopolized by a few, and the many have been ruthlessly despoiled. In food, in clothing, in furniture, in building material, in iron, steel and all of its products, and in everything purchased by the American people, the price has been increased from 25 to 50 per cent. by this pernicious measure.

No possible increase of wages or profits can remotely equal the enhanced cost of living, and thus this measure has resulted precisely as predicted by the Democratic party in piling up vast fortunes for the favored few by its expropriation of the people.

This sheltering wing has been created by the great corporation of all ages and countries, the United States Steel Trust, whose profits exceed many great governments, and which to-day dominates the iron and steel markets of the world. This corporation, like the farmer and the great transportation companies of the nation, under its sheltering wings has been created the great paper trust, which levies its exactions alike upon the schoolbooks of the children and the great metropolitan press. Through this trust, which levies its exactions alike upon the infant and the aged, under its sheltering wings of trust more numerous than the autumn leaves, and more ruthless in their exactions than the most daring Baron of Feudalism.

By its special favors and injustices it has piled the wealth of this nation mountain-high in the hands of a few, and has left the masses of the people rounded on all sides by barren and sterile plains. So glaring have become the defects and inequities of this measure that the Republican party has been compelled to confess that the measure is unjust, and has promised in the near future to give the American people some measure of relief from its enormities. But, sir, if you believe in tariff reform, if you believe that the great trusts of the American people should not have their earnings depleted in order to enrich a few trusts organized under the Dingley tariff bill, you cannot depend upon the Republican party for home tariff reform.

From the Republican party, but you can only obtain them by putting into power the party which antagonized the measure, its passage, and its inequities, and have continued to fight its exactions.

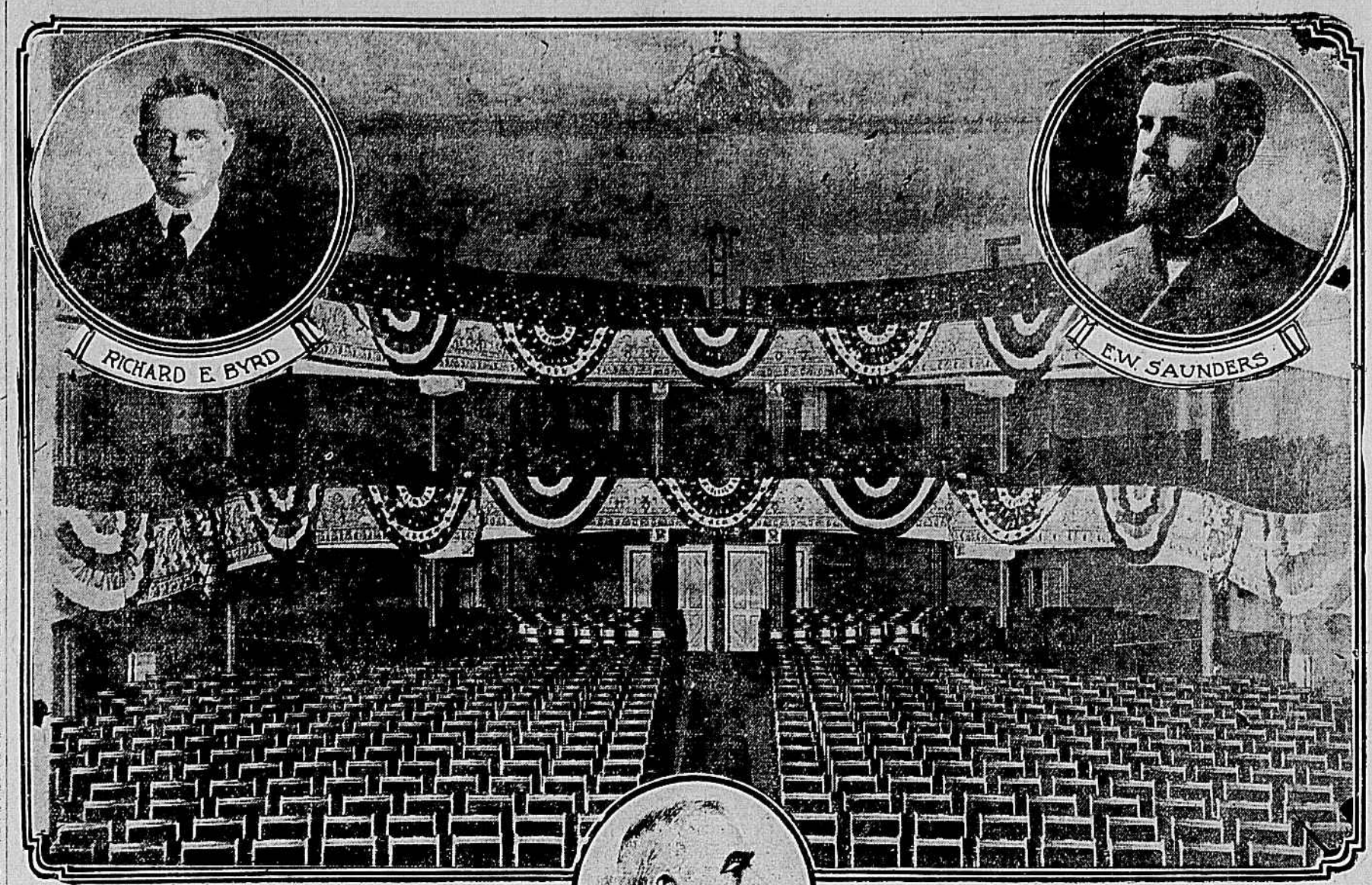
**Always Increase Burdens.**  
The Republican party has never yet reformed the tariff, except to increase its burdens and give greater benefits to those who are its beneficiaries. If this party is to reform the tariff, it can expect no relief from this vicious measure. The Republican party uniformly preaches tariff reform for the benefit of the few, and to fulfill the promise after election. The party has the voice of Jacob, but the hand of Esau. This tariff reform is one of the most dishonest and unscrupulous promises that have been made in order to relieve the varied industries of this nation. Our production in agriculture, in manufacturing, in mining are now so immense that we are dependent upon foreign markets, and cannot confine ourselves to more home traffic. With years ago, this mighty young nation, relieved of the fetters imposed for the benefit of a few tariff magnates, proposes to go into the markets of the world with its vast commerce and obtain wealth and riches to be distributed among the great masses of the people.

On this great question there is and will ever be a striking difference between the Republican and Democratic parties.

Our coming standard-bearer, William Jennings Bryan, has ever been one of the most earnest, foremost and eloquent champions of this great and important Democratic policy.

When the Democratic party advocated the necessity of regulating the vast transportation lines of this country in order to give fair and reasonable rates, to prevent discrimination and rebates were denounced as wreckers and destroyers of property. After this severe denunciation the Republican party turning up the policy advocated by the Democratic party in its recent platforms, professes it seeks to control the great transportation interests of the nation. For years the Democratic party maintained that these should be regulated in a spirit of justice and fairness, giving individuals, cities, States and sections equal and fair chances for the transportation and sale of their products. Unless this view is maintained the prosperity of individuals, cities, States and sections will be dependent upon the caprices of a few railroad magnates.

(Continued on Eighth Page.)



## ISSUES ARE PLAINLY STATED IN SPEAKER BYRD'S ADDRESS

(Special From a Staff Correspondent.)  
ROANOKE, VA., June 11.—Speaker Byrd, as temporary chairman made a brief, but very strong speech, said: The Democracy of this State has assembled to send its message and its representatives to the Democracy of the nation. Virginia has always spoken with authority, and has always been heard with respect.

According to custom, I will endeavor to suggest the most perfect evolution of the tariff-born trust. Created by a charter of one of the minor States of the Union, it betrays the industrial life of the nation like a colossus. Its revenues are nearly as much as those of the Federal government; its net gains are greater than the incomes of powerful nations. It exercises over innumerable dependent industries a tyrannical power, which there is no escape from. The greatest railroad and the smallest blacksmith's forge, it exacts tribute. It keeps the American flag from the ocean, because it has artificially enhanced the price of almost everything which is produced in this country. More than half of its capitalization is based not upon what it owns itself, but upon what the law empowers it to take from others.

In other words, it has capitalized its power to tax the people of this nation, and the dividend it pays to its common stock is the current measure of the annual value of its delegated power of taxation.

With cynical contempt it repays the popular faculty which permits these exactions by selling its products to the ground, and he picked it up with his sword.

Next November the reins of national government will be lying upon the floor, and the Democratic party can pick them up.

Our friends, the enemy are not here. They are anxious to get away. They must now admit that a panic is not a peculiarly Democratic institution. It is a sordid standard, which they have exalted and the unequal prosperity to which they have so often pointed as their side, has crumbled about their feet.

They are suffering from the inevitable results of many years' of high living and low thinking.

They have come to realize in part the slow results of those policies by which they have debauched the nation. Even their President, they do not contemplate with unmixed joy. They cannot understand what the President Roosevelt is the fact that he is undoubtedly patriotic in spots. Emotionally, he is a patriot, but practically he is not.

This dual personality necessarily develops some strange inconsistencies. The President has exploded an alarm-bell amount of powder, but he has bagged very little game.

In one of his emotional, and therefore, impulsive moments, he has ordered a Democratic lawyer to prosecute the wicked railroad rebaters. He has discovered that the wickedest rebater was a member of the President's Cabinet. Then the President ruled that Mr. Morison should not be punished, but that the innocent stockholders of the Santa Fe Railroad should be fined. The President has not shown any application of the principle of the square deal has been to give every corporate malefactor an immunity both and to shift punishment to the shoulders of innocent investors in corporate securities.

He has compelled the Beef Trust to clean up, but it was at the expense of taxpayers, and resulted in an increased price of meat.

Lord, but yet the same predatory instinct which led the robber barons to plunder the commerce of the Rhine has by the deliberate and sustained policy of the Republican party been clothed with the sanction of law, and the people of this State have been persuaded to yield to the Steel Trust and other tariff-born combinations, the power of exacting a tribute which, in a less sophisticated age, was taken by the strong hand.

The United States Steel Company is at present the most perfect evolution of the tariff-born trust.

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He has compelled the Beef Trust to clean up, but it was at the expense of taxpayers, and resulted in an increased price of meat.

With all his incessant clamor, the President has not interfered with the practical operation of a single trust. He has not relieved the nation of a single monopoly. He has not punished a single malefactor of great wealth. He has not alleviated in the smallest degree the industrial tyranny under which this nation groans. He has put all forms of corporate enterprise under suspicion, but he has not put the country affairs because of Republican legislation, yet he has set his face against any reform of the tariff. He recognizes the evils of swollen fortunes, but he does not touch the root of privilege and preventing the accumulation of taxed fortunes.

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## DEFENDS THE DEMOCRATS AND SCORES REPUBLICANS

(Special from a Staff Correspondent.)  
ROANOKE, VA., June 11.—Hon. E. W. Saunders, the permanent chairman, made an exceptionally strong speech. He said:

I count myself honored, Mr. Chairman, to preside over this magnificent gathering of intelligent and patriotic citizens, but such words of addition would be superfluous.

This is a Democratic convention in old Virginia, and it goes without saying that as members are intelligent and patriotic, so is the cause a worthy one.

On the part of our State we are making the form of beginning of the campaign of 1912, a campaign likely to be a memorable one, and which opens with the most assured prospects of Democratic success.

The country stands aghast at the stupendous items carried in the appropriation bills of the last Congress. This Congress has chiefly distinguished itself by the extravagance and wasteful prodigality of its expenditures.

In 1907, since the country reached for breath when the appropriations reached a total of \$43,000,000 in one session, but the country has not yet reached its limit.

Facing an actual present deficit of about \$6,000,000, and an estimated deficit of \$10,000,000 for the next fiscal year, undeterred by falling revenues and the pinch of hard times, the Republican party has voted to increase the national debt by \$10,000,000.

Therefore, this nation can never clean the Augean stables of this government. It is the only reformer, but the party of reform. For this task the Democratic party is eminently fitted. Among its constituents it counts the only those whose special privileges must be taken away. When the pruning knife is used, it will not be the heart's blood of the Democratic party which will be shed. I believe in the Democratic party.

Our party may have sometimes sought the ground, and he picked it up with his sword.

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## HOUSE. IT WAS A REPUBLICAN ADMINISTRATION, A REPUBLICAN PANIC AND REPUBLICAN DEPRESSION. SOME YEARS AGO A LONDON GUY WAS DESCRIBED AS A MURDERER, TOMMY TO AN AMERICAN TO RIST.

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